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Data of the Spanish Case Study

1. Case Study Approach

Spanish case study consists of analysing the energy demand and consumption, as well as proposing alternatives that improve its efficiency, of an existing single-family house, type terraced house, located in the municipality of Ceutí, Spain.

2. Description of the single-family house

2.1. Introduction

The terraced single-family house consists of a basement, first floor and second floor. The roof of the house is a flat roof. This building was built in 2023.

The basement has a space of 60 m² for vehicle parking and a storage room of 12 m².

The first floor has an interior usable area of 56 m², not including stairs. The spaces on the first floor are a bedroom, a living room, the kitchen and a bathroom. On the outside of the first floor, the house has a terrace of 13 m² where the main door of the house is.

On the second floor it has an interior usable area of 54.6 m², not including the staircase. This floor consists of 3 bedrooms, and a bathroom. On the outside of this floor, one of the bedrooms has a balcony of 3 m² useful.

The width of the façade of this terraced house is 7.71 m and the depth is 11.64 m. On the main façade of the house has a fenced plot of 36 m2 where the ramp is located to go down to the basement with the vehicle.



Figure 1: Terraced houses in Spain





2.2. House Plans

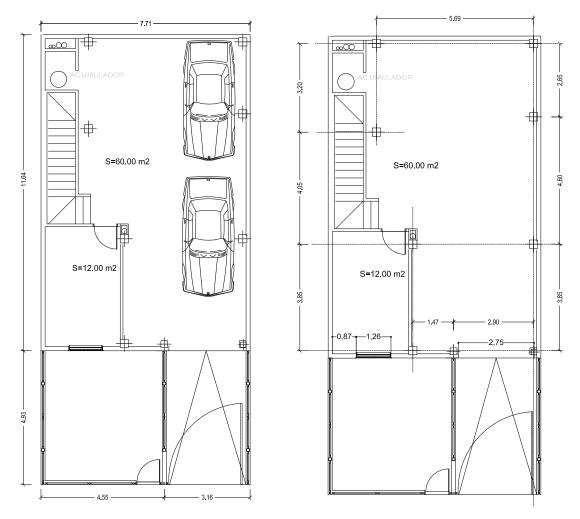


Figure 2: Basement Floor Plans





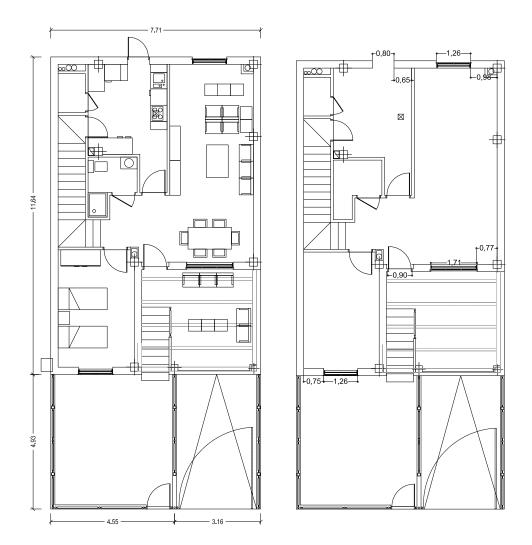


Figure 3: Fist Floor Plans

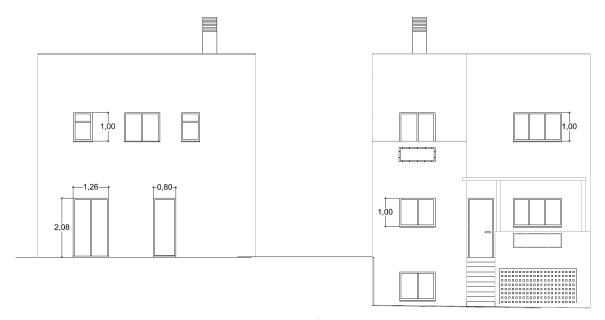


Figure 5: Rear and front elevations.



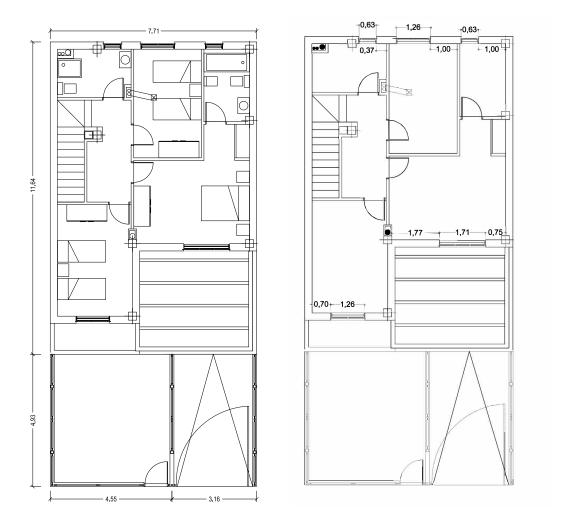


Figure 4: Second Floor Plans

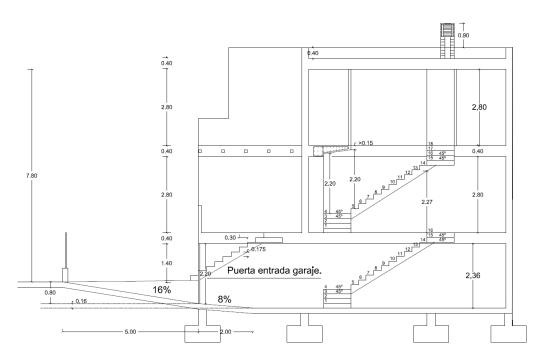


Figure 5: Building section.

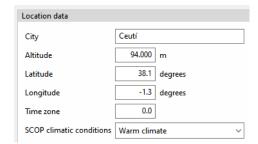




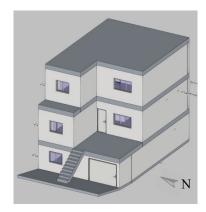
2.3. Location

This detached house is located in the municipality of Ceutí, province of Murcia (Spain)

The location data of this building are the following:



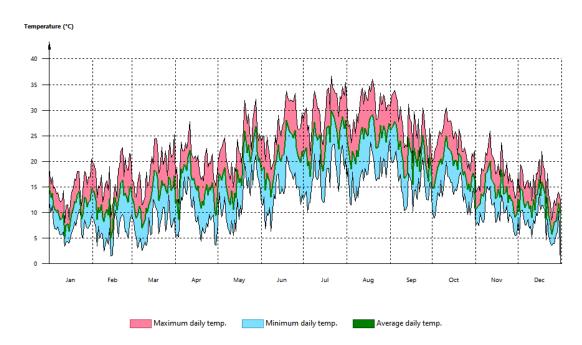
The main façade of the house faces west.



2.4. Climatic zone

The climatic zone in which the house is located is B3 according to the Spanish standard of energy efficiency in the building.

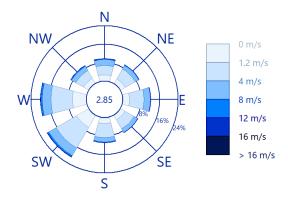
The data of the **outside temperature** considered in this case study in this climatic zone are as follows:





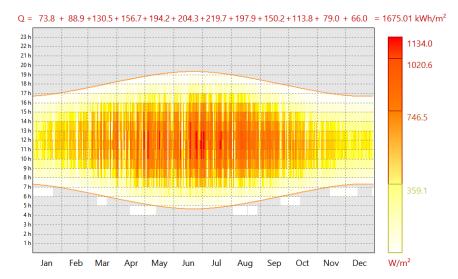


Wind distribution:



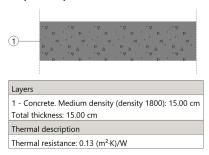
Solar irradiation on the site of the house:

The graph below shows the global irradiance on a horizontal surface



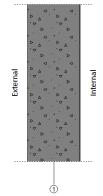
2.5. Thermal Envelope Materials

Floors in contact with the ground (screed)



Walls in contact with soil

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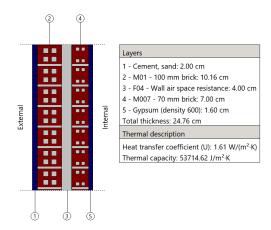
Layers

1 - Concrete. Medium density (density 2200): 20.00 cm
Total thickness: 20.00 cm

Thermal description

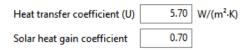
Thermal resistance: 0.12 (m²-K)/W

Façades

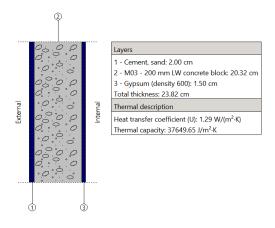


Façade openings

Windows with aluminum frame and monolithic glass



Party walls

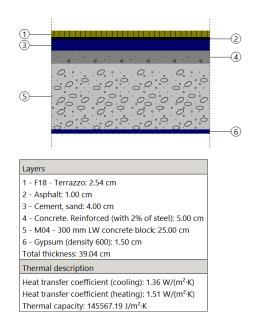


Roofs



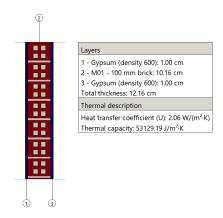
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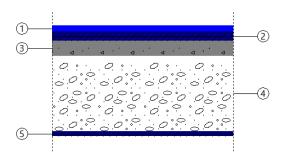


2.6. Interior partitions and Intermediate slabs.

Interior partitions



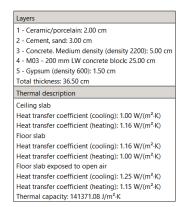
Intermediate slabs





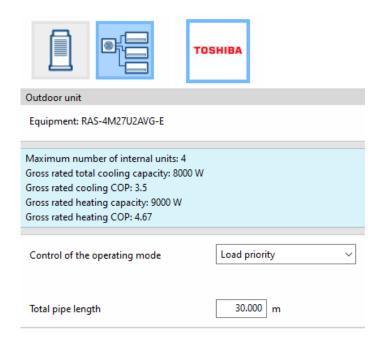
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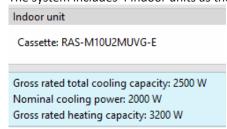


2.7. Heating and air conditioning systems

The heating and air conditioning system is a multi-split direct expansion system with the properties shown in the following Figure.



The system includes 4 indoor units as the following:



Operational conditions: Minimum temperature inside the house is 20 degrees and maximum 25 degrees.





2.8. Domestic hot water system

The domestic hot water system consists of an Electric hot water boiler.

